

Key Information Document – Spread Bets on an Index- Future differentials

Purpose

This document provides you with key information about this investment product. It is not marketing material. The information is required by law to help you understand the nature, risks, costs, potential gains and losses of this product and to help you compare it with other products.

Product

Spread bets are provided by **Monecor (London) Ltd**, the product manufacturer, a company registered in England and Wales, number 00851820. ETX Capital is a trading name of Monecor (London) Limited which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority in the United Kingdom, register number 124721.

Call **+44 (0) 20 7392 1494** or go to www.etxcapital.com for more information. This document was created and last updated on 25 February 2020.



You are about to purchase a product that is not simple and may be difficult to understand.

What is this product?

Type

A spread bet is a leveraged contract entered with ETX Capital allowing an investor to speculate on rising or falling prices in an underlying index. Future differentials is one of the spread bet products offered by ETX Capital and these are over the counter financial products in which orders are executed outside a trading venue such as a regulated market within specific trading hours. The trading of a spread bet will be performed by ETX Capital where it agrees to settle in cash the performance of the asset which the investor decides to speculate on.

An investor has the choice to buy (or go “long”) the spread bet to benefit from rising index prices; or to sell (or go “short”) the spread bet to benefit from falling index prices. The price of the future differentials spread bet is derived from the price of the underlying index FUTURES price. Price movements in the value of the underlying asset are measured in points. For instance, if an investor is long on an index spread bet and the price of the underlying index rises, the value of the spread bet will increase - at the end of the contract ETX Capital will pay the difference between the closing value of the contract and the opening value of the contract. Conversely, if an investor is long and the price of the underlying index falls, the value of the spread bet will decrease - at the end of the contract the investor will pay ETX Capital the difference between the closing value of the contract and the opening value of the contract. The spread betting of an underlying future price works in the same way, except that such contracts have a pre-defined expiry date which is a date in which the contract either automatically closes or must be rolled into the next period. **The leverage embedded within all spread bets has the effect of magnifying both profits and losses.**

Objectives

The objective of the spread bet is to allow an investor to gain leveraged exposure to the movement in the value of the underlying index (whether up or down). The exposure is leveraged since the spread bet only requires a small proportion of the notional value of the contract to be put down upfront as initial margin and is one of the key features of trading spread bets. Trading on margin can enhance losses or gains you make. There is no recommended holding period and it is down to the discretion of each individual investor to determine the most appropriate holding period based on their own individual trading strategy and objectives.

For more information and examples of the key features of trading spread betting please see the ETX website. <https://www.etxcapital.com/>

Failure to deposit additional funds in the case of negative price movement may result in the spread bet being auto closed. This will occur when losses exceed the specified margin level for the product. ETX Capital also retains the ability to unilaterally terminate any spread bet contract where it deems that the terms of the contract have been breached. A margin close-out protection is required for all retail investors, please see details below.

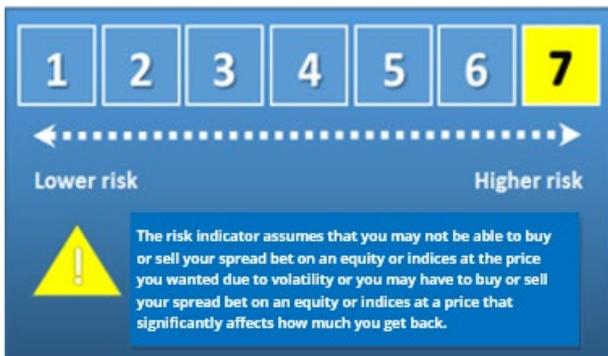
Intended Retail Client

Spread bets are intended for investors who have knowledge of, or experience with, leveraged products. Likewise, investors will understand how the prices of spread bets are derived, the key concepts of margin and leverage, and that losses may exceed deposits. They will understand the risk/reward profile of the product compared to traditional share

dealing, and desire short-term, high-risk exposure to an underlying asset. Investors will also have appropriate financial means, hold other investment types and have the ability to bear losses in excess of the initial amount invested. In time of high volatility and or macroeconomic uncertainty, asset values may fluctuate significantly and adversely affect an investor's positions. Such fluctuations can be even more significant in the case of leveraged products such as spread bets.

What are the risks and what could I get in return?

Risk indicator



The summary risk indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the product will lose money because of movements in the markets or because we are not able to pay you.

We have classified this product as 7 out of 7, which is the highest risk class. This rates the potential losses from future performance of the product at a very high level. Spread bets are leveraged products that, due to underlying market movement, can generate losses rapidly. Losses can exceed the amount invested and you may be required to deposit additional funds in order to keep your positions open. There is no capital

protection against market risk, credit risk or liquidity risk. The risks included in this paragraph are non-exhaustive and a comprehensive description of the risks involved can be found at ETX Risk Warning Notice. www.etxcapital.com/en-gb/legal/risk-warning-notice. **Losses may be incurred. Retail clients are subject to negative balance protection and your losses cannot exceed the amount invested.**

Be aware of currency risk. It is possible to buy or sell spread bets on an index in a currency which is different to the base currency of your account. The final return you may get depends on the exchange rate between the two currencies. This risk is not considered in the indicator shown above.

Market conditions may mean that your spread bet trade on an index is closed at a less favourable price, which could significantly impact how much you get back. We may close your open spread bet contract if you do not maintain the minimum margin that is required, if you are in debt to the company, or if you contravene market regulations. This process may be automated. A margin close-out protection is used to ensure that the retail investor's net equity in their account does not fall below 50% of the margin required to maintain the retail investor's open position on a spread bet and it is applied as soon as market conditions allow.

This product does not include any protection from future market performance so you could lose some or all of your investment. If we are not able to pay you what is owed, you could lose your entire investment. However, you may benefit from a consumer protection scheme (see "what happens if we are unable to pay you"). The indicator shown above does not consider this protection.

Performance scenarios

The scenarios shown illustrate how your investment could perform but are not an exact indicator. The scenarios presented are an estimate of future performance based on evidence from the past on how the value of this investment varies. What you get will vary depending on how the market performs and how long you hold the spread bet.

The following assumptions have been used to create the scenarios in Table 1:

For example, if an investor buys a spread bet worth £1 per point of the DOW/FTSE Differential with an initial margin of 5% and an underlying price of 20512, the initial investment will be £1025.6 (5% x 20512 x £1). This means that for each 1 point change in the price of the underlying indices so the value of the spread bet changes by £1. For instance, if the investor is long and the market increases in value, a £1 profit will be made for every 1 tic increase in that market. However, if the investor is short, a £1 loss will be incurred for each point the market decreases in value.

Differentials Spread bet (held intraday)		
Differential opening price:	P	20512
Trade size (per point):	TS	1
Margin %:	M	5%
Margin Requirement (£):	MR = P x TS x M	£1025.6
Notional value of the trade (£):	TN = P x TS	£20512

Table 1

LONG Performance Scenario	Closing Price (Inc. Spread)	Price Change	Profit/ Loss	SHORT Performance scenario	Closing Price (inc. spread)	Price Change	Profit/ Loss
Favourable	20819	1.5%	£307	Favourable	20204	-1.5%	£308
Moderate	20615	0.5%	£103	Moderate	20409	-0.5%	£103
Unfavourable	20204	-1.5%	-£307	Unfavourable	20820	1.5%	-£308
Stress	19486	-5%	-£1026	Stress	21538	5%	-£1026

The figures shown include all the costs of the product itself. If you have been sold this product by someone else or have a third party advising you about this product, these figures do not include any cost that you pay to them. The figures do not take into account your personal tax situation, which may also affect how much you get back. For more information and examples please see the ETX website. <https://www.etxcapital.com/>

Monecor (London) Ltd does not provide tax advice or yearly tax statements or any information about tax. For further tax considerations, please consult your financial adviser or tax consultant.

What happens if ETX Capital is unable to pay out?

If ETX Capital is unable to meet its financial obligations to you, you may lose the value of your investment. However, ETX Capital segregates all retail client funds from its own money in accordance with the UK FCA's Client Asset rules. ETX Capital also participates in the UK's Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) which covers eligible investments up to £85,000 per person, per firm. See www.fscs.org.uk.

What are the costs?

Trading a spread bet on an underlying index incurs one-off, ongoing, incidental and other costs. The following costs and charges will reduce any net profit or increase your losses:

This table shows the different types of cost categories and their meaning

One-off entry and exit costs	Spread	The difference between the buy price and the sell price is called the spread. This cost is realised each time you open and close a trade.
One-off entry and exit costs	Currency conversion	Any cash, realised profit and losses, adjustments, fees and charges that are denominated in a currency other than the base currency of your account, will be converted to the base currency of your account and a currency conversion fee will be charged to your account.
Ongoing costs	Daily holding cost	A fee is charged to your account for every night that your position is held. This means the longer you hold a position, the more it costs.
Incidental costs	Distributor fee	We may from time to time where permitted by applicable law share a proportion of our spread, commissions and other account fees with other persons including a distributor that may have introduced you.
Other costs	Rollover costs	We charge you to roll over a futures contract into the next month or quarter, equal to half the applicable spread to open and close a trade.

How long should I hold it, and can I take money out early?

Spread Bets are intended for short term trading, in some cases intraday and are generally not suitable for longer term investment. There is no recommended holding period, no cancellation period and therefore no cancellation fees. You can open and close a spread bet at any time during market hours. Please note that a fee charge to your account will be applied for each overnight position carried over.

How can I complain?

If you wish to make a complaint, you should contact our Client Management Team on **+44 (0) 20 7392 1494**, by emailing customer.service@etxcapital.com or in writing to One Broadgate, London EC2M 2QS. If you do not feel that your complaint has been resolved satisfactorily, you may refer your complaint to the Financial Ombudsman Service (FOS). See www.financial-ombudsman.org.uk for further information. If your complaint is about an advisory or discretionary manager acting on your account, please contact the firm providing the service. For further details please refer to our Complaints Handling Policy at: <https://www.etxcapital.com/en-gb/legal/complaints-procedure>

Other relevant information

If there is a time lag between the time you place your order and the moment it is executed, your order may not be executed at the price you expected. Ensure your internet signal strength is sufficient before trading.

The Legal section of our website contains important information regarding the terms and conditions relating to your trading with ETX Capital. You should ensure that you are familiar with all the terms and any other policies that apply to your account. www.etxcapital.com/en-gb/legal/customer-terms-and-conditions.